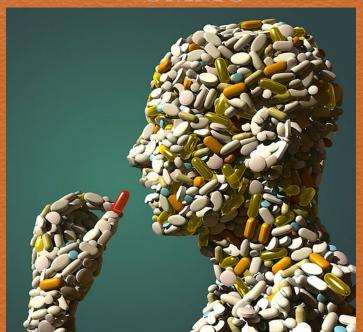
Am I taking too many pills?

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Activity

* How many tablets (including prescribed, self/non prescribed medications, vitamins, minerals, supplements do you take a day?

* Raise your hands IF.....

< 5 tablets per day?



> 5 tablets per day?



QUESTIONS

- * Do you know what they are?
- * Do you know why you are taking them?
- * Are they prescribed/non prescribed/recommended?
- * If on > 5 medications, do you take them regularly / on time?
- * Do you have any difficulty taking them?

What you want to know!

- * Are they necessary?
- * Malaysians love to take medications?
- * The more medications you are on the better you feel?
- * What about supplements??
 - * Should everybody take them?
 - * How many should I take?
 - * Which ones are good?
 - * How do I decide?
- * How about traditional medications?
- * Can I mix them with my regular medication?

SOME FACTS....

Ageing is a **BIG** issue

- * 1 million Japanese >100 years old
- * Malaysia CATCHING UP FAST
- * Ratio of young to old decreasing
- * > LONGEVITY = > NUMBER OF DISEASES
- * IMPACT of greater medications range

Polypharmacy in older adults

* IS IT A NECESSARY, UNAVOIDABLE EVIL?



POLYPHARMACY

* Mixing of many drugs in one prescription

* Use of more medication than is clinically required

* Multiple use of medication by an individual

Is it necessary to use so many drugs?

- * 'Obligatory' or 'rational' polypharmacy
 - * Hypertension
 - * Congestive cardiac failure
 - * Diabetes
- * 'Indiscriminate' polypharmacy
 - * A major medical problem in the elderly

How big is the problem?

- * > 65 year olds: **greatest consumers** of prescription drugs!
- * Females>Males
- * 30% of all drug prescriptions written for patients > 65 yrs old
- * 2/3 of elderly take prescribed or Over The Counter(OTC) meds
- * Average of **5 prescribed** and 2 OTC/patient (more in Nursing Homes)
 - *

 DRUG INTERACTIONS and ADRs

How big is the problem in UMMC?

- * Pattern of geriatric admissions among the elderly to all medical wards
- * Patients discharged on multiple medications 1993-40.5%

2005-61.1%

2015- CLOSE TO 70%!!!

Effects of Polypharmacy on Compliance

* Visual impairment

* 32% of the time unable to identify different tablets correctly

* Physical problems

- * Tablets difficult to pick up, hold
- * 'Old-person-proof' containers

* Memory

* Complicated therapeutic regimes



Effects of Polypharmacy on Compliance

- * Adverse effects
 - * Avoid treating side effects of one drug with another

* Cost

- * Financial burden
- * Stop taking, adjust dose to extend over longer time



WHO IS TO BLAME?

* DOCTORS?

* THE OLDER PERSON?

* PHARMACIST?

DOCTORS?

- * Ageist attitude towards elderly
 - * Misdiagnosis
 - * Inappropriate prescribing
 - * Lack of patient education on how to take medication and their side effects

* No review of drugs prescribed

The older person?

- * More medical conditions
- * Beliefs and expectations "A PILL FOR EVERY ILL"
- * Less likely to mention other medication taken





PHARMACISTS?

- * Trained to provide consultation about drugs to doctors and patients
- * Expert in drug activity and SIDE EFFECTS
- * Drug labels use of generic and brand name drug

Pharmacists?

- * No pharmacist (even the most experienced) correctly recognize all the potential drug-drug interactions when presented with scenarios involving 8 or more medicines.
 - * Weideman et al

Inappropriate Polypharmacy

* WHEN?

* WHY?

* HOW CAN WE AVOID IT?

When?

* Lack of awareness of age-related changes

* In presence of memory impairment +/multiple health problems or disease

* Ease of access to Over The Counter(OTC) drugs

Why?

* "Doctor shopping phenomena"

* Physicians unable to keep up to date with new drugs

* Doctor-pharmacist communication



How to avoid polypharmacy in the elderly

* CHECK

- * All medications used
- * Current and relevant past medical problems
- * Need for prescriptions at regular intervals

* WITH NEW MEDICAL PROBLEMS

- * Try non drug approach
- * Consider Adverse Drug Reaction as cause

If prescribed a new drug: ASK!!!

- 1. Why am I on this?
- 2. Is it effective for the condition?
- 3. Correct dose? "START LOW, GO SLOW"
- 4. Given time to understand AND EXPLAINED CLEARLY
- 5. Avoid duplication of treatment: always bring all medication to a consult
- 6. Correct duration
- 7. Least toxic alternative

SUPPLEMENTS

In Older people

Why take supplements?

- * CONTROVERSIAL!!!
- * Well balanced diet
- * Nutrition requirements
 - * older people = younger people.
 - * (EXCEPT Vitamin D (> 65 years old)

Who needs supplements?

* Chronic Illness

- * Chronic conditions can affect intake
- * Disability
- * Depression
- * Poor oral health (e.g., cavities, gum disease, and MISSING TEETH) and dry mouth
- ★ Antidepressants, blood pressure, and asthma medications → dry mouth

Who needs supplements?

- * Physiological changes
 - * Decrease in lean body mass and redistribution of fat around internal organs
 - * Change in taste (from medications, nutrient deficiencies, or taste bud atrophy)

Who needs supplements?

* Poor Dietary intake

- * Little or no appetite
- * Problems with eating or swallowing.
- * Eating inadequate servings of nutrients.
- * Eating fewer than two meals a day.
- **Limited income** may cause restriction in the number of meals eaten per day or dietary quality of meals eaten. ⁶

* Isolation

- * Older adults who live alone may lose desire to cook because of loneliness.
- * Appetite of decreases.
- * Difficulty cooking due to disabilities.
- * Lack of access to transportation to buy food.

5 simple rules when buying a supplement

- * Know why....or if you need them
- * Don't be fooled by eye-catching labels
- * Keep it simple-avoid mega doses or extra ingredients
- * Choose a respected brand
- * Caution when buying on the internet

* SPEAK TO YOUR HEALTHCARE PROVIDER

Thank you questions please!!!!!